Local Board
of Health
Annual Report
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## Report

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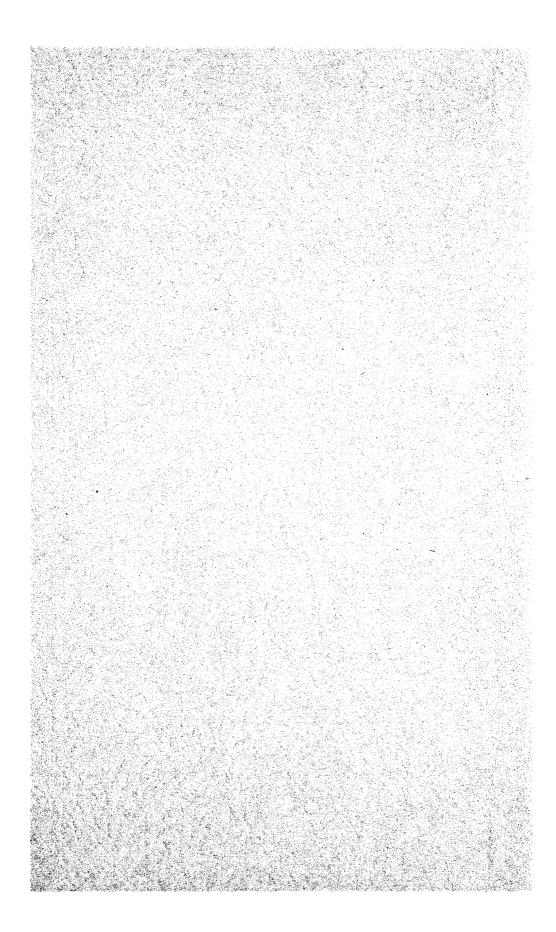
### Local Board of Health



THE CITY OF EDMONTON

ALBERTA

1946



#### BOARD OF HEALTH, 1946

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Ald. C. E. Gariepy, Chairman

Dr. R. M. Shaw Mrs. Ald. E. Browne Dr. E. A. Hay Roe Mrs. F. C. Butterworth, Edmonton Public School Board Mr. J. A. Gallant, Separate School Board

#### EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS

Mayor H. D. Ainlay

Dr. G. M. Little, M.O.H. Mr. A. W. Haddow, City Engineer Catharine R. Rose, Secretary

#### 1947

Ald. C. E. Gariepy, Chairman

Dr. R. M. Shaw Ald. J. R. Munro Dr. E.A. Hay Roe
Prof. A. Stewart, Edmonton Public School Board
Mr. J. A. Gallant, Separate School Board

#### EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS

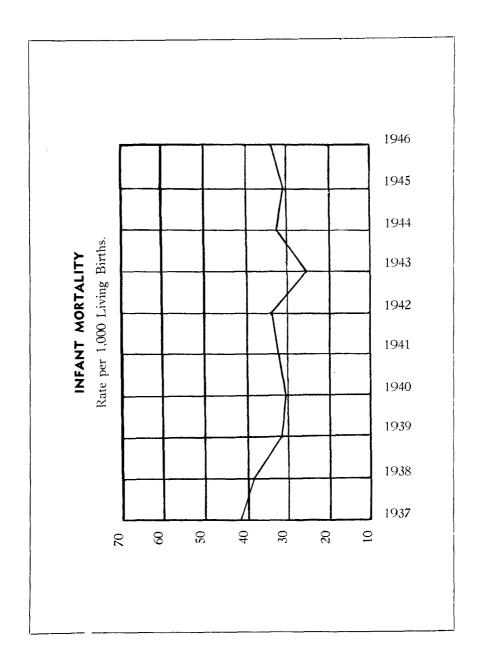
Mayor H. D. Ainlay

Dr. G. M. Little, M.O.H. Mr. A. W. Haddow, City Engineer
Catharine R. Rose, Secretary

STAFF:	
Medical Officer of Health	Dr. G. M. Little, M.D., D.P.H.
Secretary, Board of Health	Rose, Miss C. R.
Chief Health Inspector	Methuen, A. P.
Health Inspector	. Alexander, L. G.
Health Inspector	. Chase, H. G.
Health Inspector	Hill, G. B.
Health Inspector.	
Health Inspector	Milligan, W. A.
Health Inspector	.Overton, L. B.
Health Inspector	Shaw, I. D. F.
Health Inspector	Williams, J. D.
Quarantine Officer	. Anderson, R. T.
Chief Food Inspector	
Dairy Supervisor	
Chemist and Milk Inspector	
Public Health Nurse	Griffith, Miss M., R.N.
Public Health Nurse	
Public Health Nurse	Thompson, Miss M. E.
Stenographer, sr	Derbyshire, Miss K. D.
Stenographer	Chernichen, Miss M.
Stenographer	Craig, Miss I. C.

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#### Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health

Chairman and Members, Local Board of Health, Edmonton, Alberta.

#### Gentlemen:

Herewith is submitted our report for 1946.

#### Birth Rate:

The birth rate of 28.2 per 1,000 population is the highest in eighteen years. We are still, however, considerably short of the 37.1 per 1,000 reached in 1922.

#### Death Rate:

A general death rate of 8.4 per 1,000 population was a small increase over the previous year. The increase was more marked, however, in certain individual causes. Heart disease still heads the list with 227.8 deaths per 100,000, as compared to the rate of 207.6 in 1945. Ninety-one per cent of these deaths were forty-five years of age or over. Many people arrive at middle age with some degree of heart damage. An increasing percentage of our population lies in the older age groups. If longevity is hoped for, we must gauge our activities by the ability of damaged or aging heart tissues. A slight reduction in the number of cancer deaths, despite our increased population, is encouraging. If more citizens will avail themselves of the facilities for early diagnosis of this disease offered by the medical profession and the Provincial Cancer Clinic, it is reasonable to expect that we can halt its increasing mortality, even though more and more of our people are living past middle age, when cancer is most prevalent.

External causes advanced to fourth in our list of Principal Causes of Death for 1946. Two classifications under this heading were outstanding. Deaths from automobile accidents increased more than fifty per cent, and suicides were nearly trebled from the previous year. The latter reminds us that the post-war period is a time of difficult readjustment for many of our citizens.

Infant mortality showed a slight increase, and premature birth remains by far the greatest single cause of death in this class. The greatest defence available against these premature births is adequate prenatal care for the mother. Unfortunately, there are still many mothers who make little or no contact with their doctor until the time of confinement has arrived.

#### Communicable Diseases:

Tuberculosis remains the greatest cause of mortality amongst the communicable diseases. It brings disaster when most victims are in the prime of life and have the greatest family responsibility. Early diagnosis of this disease gives the greatest assurance of cure, and of preventing its spread. We have the means of achieving this in the chest X-ray survey units which the Provincial Tuberculosis Association and the Provincial Department of Health plan on making available to us again late in the summer of 1947. It is to be hoped that all our citizens will avail themselves of this simple and effective protection.

Measles accounted for nearly half the communicable diseases during the year. We have still no effective means of preventing the general spread of measles, but our Provincial Board of Health has made available a serum which will reduce the severity of attack in children under three years of age while still permitting the child to develop a natural immunity. It is at this early age that disasters are most likely to occur in this infection.

Whooping cough reached a remarkably low level of 92 cases for the year. We believe that the effective whooping cough vaccine now in use is in large part accountable for this comforting figure.

Immunization procedures numbering 13,141 were carried out on 4,683 children in our inoculation clinic which is open every afternoon. These were almost entirely babies and pre-school children. The School Medical Services carried out a further 7,562 such procedures in the schools.

It is interesting to calculate the saving our citizens derive from preventive services. Reducing the problem to averages, and adjusting for population, it is evident that preventive measures save our city from having 148 cases of smallpox, 500 cases of diphtheria and 780 cases of typhoid each year, as compared to thirty-five years ago. Aside from the death, disability and loss of earning power involved, this would represent a cost of more than a quarter of a million dollars to our citizens in these three diseases alone.

#### Child Welfare:

The number of babies and pre-school children under supervision by the Child Welfare Clinic has continued to increase. This service has, we believe, a direct influence upon our favorable infant mortality rate.

An urgent need in our city is more adequate nursing homes for babies whose parents cannot give them personal care.

#### Sanitation:

Overcrowding of dwelling accommodation still makes proper sanitation difficult in many parts of our city. Despite considerable building activity many of our citizens, particularly these in the lower income group, are not yet adequately housed.

A reinforced sanitary staff has permitted increased supervision of restaurants, stores, food factories and other food handling establishments. Many such establishments are only now emerging from the makeshift period forced upon us by war. Some types of equipment and plumbing are still difficult to obtain.

Constant supervision of our milk supply, with excellent co-operation from producers and distributors, has maintained a safe standard throughout the year. The demand, however, has threatened to overcome the supply at several periods; but with the co-operation of the Board of Public Utilities it is anticipated that an adequate future supply can be assured. The forced increase in cost was a disappointment to us, for we view a low cost milk supply as an outstanding protection to the public health.

#### General:

I have mentioned the need of homes for the care of babies. There is also an urgent need for more adequate accommodation for aged and infirm citizens. Even where moderate costs can be met, it is practically impossible for some of these older folk to find a suitable home, especially if their infirmity calls for some degree of care. It cannot be denied that some of them spend a grim period waiting to leave this world.

The capacity of the general hospitals of the City have been taxed severely during the year. Development of adequate hospital and medical facilities in the rural areas of our province may prove to be part of the answer to this problem.

We are again grateful to the Provincial Board of Health and the Provincial Laboratory for technical assistance and advice.

Respectfully submitted,

G. M. LITTLE,

Medical Officer of Health.

#### EXPENDITURE

1.	Salaries	\$ 38,868.41	\$ 36,394.23
2.		1,213.09	1,077.61
3.		5,846.06	5,360.69
	6. Telephones, sundries, uniforms	1,261.24	882,24
7.		3,699.95	3,071.52
••	(Bathhouse included in Acct. 1 and 2.)	 	 
	•	\$ 50 888 75	\$ 46.786.29

	REVENUE		
Permits Meat Inspection License Department	\$ 554.75 932.60 1,500.00 2,987.35	2,987.35	3,311.70
	<u> </u>	47,901.40	\$ 43,474.59

#### EXPENDITURE—CLASSIFIED—1946

		Administration	Communicable Disease	Dairy Inspection	Food Inspection	Laboratory Service	Public Health Nursing	Sanitation	Vital Statistics	Bath House	TOTALS
1	Salaries\$	7.751.84	\$3,073.58	\$2,539.42	\$3,288.63		\$3,381.23	\$14,420.27	\$1,093.42	\$154.67	\$38,868.41
Ð.	Supplies	623.89	125.31					161.03	***************************************	103.92	1,213.09
10	Transportation	400.20		780.00	240.00	600.35	866.11	1,825.22			5,846.06
u .	-	109.73	65.76	18.00	17.76	23.64	17.88	82.20			334.97
6	Sundries		231.73	5.50	60.20	2.99	23.60	78.07			748.73
55	Uniforms						38,41	105.90			177.54
ĝ.			30.20								3,699.95
ij.						\$3,976.27	\$4,327,23	\$16,672.69	\$1,093.42	\$258.59	\$50,888.75
1000		25.4%				7.8%		32.8%			100 %

#### SUMMARY OF STATISTICS

Area of City,  $26{,}778$  acres including  $1{,}000$  acres of water and  $2{,}147$  acres in Parks.

	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
Population			108,416		96,725
Persons per acre of land	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8
Cost per capita		.41	.39	.38	.42
School enrolment.	18,988	17,714	17,623	17,337	17,315
Natural increase of population	2,283	1,831	1,622	1,629	1,260
Total births		4,726	4,286	4,083	3,526
Resident births, only	3,251	2,695	2,447	2,443	1,972
Rate per 1,000 population		24.1	22.6	23.1	20.3
Total stillbirths		88	61	67	55
Resident stillbirths only	51	53	39	33	39
Rate per 1,000 births	15.7	19.6	15.9	13.2	19.3
Total deaths	1,576	1,425	1,498	1,342	1,195
Resident deaths only	968	864	825	841	712
Rate per 1,000 population		7.7	7.5	7.7	7.3
Total deaths under 1 year of age		159	159	124	127
Resident deaths under 1 year of age		84	82	62	68
Rate per 1,000 living births		31.1	33.5	25.4	34.5
Maternal deaths (city only)		6	3	4	1
Rate per 1,000 births		2.22	1.25	1.63	.25
Marriages		2,098	1,839	1,640	1,590
Rate per 1,000 population		18.8	17.4	17.6	23.0

#### VITAL STATISTICS

#### Births

Births			
		1946	1945
Total births	***	5,455	4,726
Resident births only			2,695
Male			1,392
Female		. 1,562	1,303
Attended by PhysicianAttended by nurse		. 3,247	2,690
Unattended			1 4
Double births			39
			30
Born in institutions—3,237 or 99.5%;	; born elsewhere—	14.	
Maternal Parentage:	1946	194	15
Canada	2.732 or 84.1 %	2,160 or	
British Isles	291 or 8.9 %	215 or	
Europe and Asia	120 or 3.7%		7.9%
U.S.A.		$212 \mathrm{\ or}$	
Other countries	14 or .4%	17 or	.6%
Stillbirth			
Stillbirth	is	10.10	10.45
Total stillbirths		1946	1945
Resident only			83 53
Male		28	$\frac{33}{24}$
Female		23 .	29
Born in institutions		51	53
Born elsewhere			
Cause of Foetal deaths:			
Dystocia	******	27	20
Prematurity	••••••	6	6
Toxaema of pregnancy			2
Malformation Placenta and membranes	•••••••	6	11
Other conditions		$\frac{1}{9}$	្ស 11
	***************************************	v	1.4
Deaths		1946	1045
Total deaths			1945
Resident deaths only		1,576	1,425 864
Male		595	519
Female	*********	373	345
Racial Ori			_
Canada	1946	194	
Canada British Isles	327 or 33.8%	326 or 3	
Europe and Asia	350 or 30.176 181 or 18 7.65	325 or 3 125 or	
U.S.A.			7.0%
Others	مذائم ساما		3.2%
INFANT MORT	FALITY		
m . 1 . 1 . 1		1946	1945
Total deaths under 1 year		197	159
Resident deaths under 1 year of age		111	84
Female		$\begin{array}{c} 70 \\ 41 \end{array}$	$\frac{52}{32}$
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 living birth		34.1	$\frac{32}{31.1}$
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			

# INFANT MORTALITY, 1946 SEX BY MONTH

Month 1- 3 Months 4- 6 Months 7- 9 Months		72 25 7 4
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Male &	380 8 80000000000000000000000000	-10
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	33b—Influenza without respiratory complications 64 —Enlarged Thymus. 84a—Mompel meningitis. 84a—Mompel meningitis. 84a—Mompel meningitis. 85c—Carditis. 86c—Carditis. 86c—Carditis. 86c—Carditis. 86c—Carditis. 86c—Carditis. 86c—Carditis. 86c—Catus Ashmaticus. 86c—Catus Ashmaticus. 86c—Catus Ashmaticus. 86c—Catus Ashmaticus. 86c—Catus Ashmaticus. 86c—Cargenital Mydrocephalus. 86c—Cargenital Mydrocephalus. 86c—Congenital malformations of heart. 86c—Congenital malformations of digestive system. 86c—Congenital debility. 86c—Congenital debility. 86c—Cother injuries at birth. 86d—Intercanal hacmorrhage. 86d—Indefined and unknown.	

ABRIDGED INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF DEATH, 1946

	Total	M	F U	Under ]		62	4	ကတ	10 14	15	20 22 24 2	25 3 3	30 3	35 40 39 41	1 45	5 50	55	64	65 69	70	75	8 8	85	90	95 1	100
6. Tuberculosis of respiratory systemM	50	20	;		:			į	;	;	:	_				~	1	7	-	:					: 1	- ;
F. All other forms of tuberculosis	10:	اء:	12		: :	: :	1 1		. :			ec ]	est .	o1 .	21		. 62	i	i		-		1			
F 9. Syphilis M		50	ic ;	11	: .		- 1	: }		-	1	- ;	-	-			:	:								
F 10. Influenza M	9	**	-	1 1	: :	: :	11			1	<b>.</b>		: : !	: : : : : '					H		61			1 1		1 1
F 12. Measles M		-	81		: :	1:	11	1	; .	. :						1			<b>'</b>		۱ :	1 :				: ; ;
14. Other infections or parasitic diseases M	52	. 🕶				: :	11	1 1	i :	: :	. :	: ;	: 1		:		1 1			1 1	; ;	: :	: :		1	
15. Cancer and other malignant tumors M	146	82	- :	1:	11	1 1	11	1 1	: :	: :	; 1	11	:		- 61	- 61	11	12	15	20	×	7	: ↔		1 1	
16. Nonmalignant tumors or tumors of unspecified nature M	y	ic	÷	: :	:	:		:	: :	: -	: :			C1	<del>د</del>		မ	2	r -	11	4 -	4	4	;	1	;
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19. Chronic or acute alcholism . M		: -	r-	: :			1 1	: :		1.4			. :	: :	: -	eo :	-	1		-	1 ;	1	: .	1 1		; ;
20. Avitaminoses, other general diseases, diseases of blood, and chronic poisonings	21	10	1 1	61	. 1		: !	•	:								, 61	. —	. 67			1	. :		: :	
21. Meningitis (nonmeningococcal) diseases of spiral cord		· +	= :	60				: ;	1	₩ .	:	:	:	=		i	61	60	1	-	:	1	į			
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23. Other diseases of nervious system and rense organs.	. 9	, rc	4					: :	: .		: :	: :		! '	61		C) 1-1	oc ;		oc :	- 2	-	4 ;	; :		: :
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27. Preumonia and bronchopneumonia M	. 61	₹.	eı 7ë	rc		11.	1 :		-		;=		1 1 1 1	,		<b>!</b> " !	- &	rc	: -	. 61 61	;° "	67 85	2		-	

ABRDGED INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF DEATH, 1946 (Continued)

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	28. Other diseases of the respiratory system	Zy. Diarrhea and Enteritis	30. Appendicitis	31. Diseases of liver and biliary passag	32. Other diseases of digestive system	33. Nephritis	34. Other diseases of urinary and genital	35. Puerperal infection	36. Other diseases of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium.	38. Congenital malformations, and debi premature birth, diseases perculiar t	Year	39. Senility, old age	40. Suicide	41. Homicide	42. Automobile accidents (all motor directed vehicles)	43. Other violent or accidental deaths	44. Causes of death ill-defined, unknown,	:	Total Male Total Female	Total Deaths
	28.	Š.	30.	31.	32.	33.	34.	35.	36.	86 86		39.	40.	41.	43.	43.	44.			

#### PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATHS-1946

				1946			•	1:	945	
										-
	, Total	Male	Female	% of Total Deaths	Rate per 100M Population	Total	Male	Female	% of Total Deaths	Rate per 100M Population
90 95	Diseases of the heart262	162	100	27.0	227.8	232	155	77	26.8	207.6
45— 55	Cancer and other malignant									
83	Intracranial lesions of	82	64	15.1	126.9	148	91	57	17.1	132.4
	vascular origin	55	42	10.0	84.3	93	38	55	10.7	83.2
163198	External causes 83	64	19	8.3	72.2	59	42	17	6.8	52.8
157161	Congenital debility, pre- mature birth, diseases	04	15	0.0	12.2	99	44	11	0.5	94.6
	peculiar to first year of life 76	51	25	7.8	66.0	55	33	22	6.3	49.3
107109	Pneumonia and									
	Bronchopneumonia 49	34	15	5.0	42.6	43	30	13	4.9	39.3
13- 22	Tuberculosis, all forms 30	13	17	3.0	26.0	28	18	10	3.2	25.0
130132	Nephritis	15	- 8	2.3	20.0	17	11	6	1.9	15.2
162	Senility 20	10	10	2.0	17.4	17	- Î	12	1.9	15.2
119120	Diarrhea and enteritis	9	9	1.8	15.6	11	8	3	1.2	9.8
	804	495	309	89.1						

#### MORTALITY FROM HEART DISEASE

Year	Total Deaths	Deaths From Heart Disease	Percentage of Total Deaths	Rate per 100M Population
1946	968	262	27.0	227.8
1945	864	232	26.8	207.6
1944	825	199	24.1	183.5
1943	814	202	24.8	191.4
1942	712	197	27.7	203.4

#### MORTALITY FROM CANCER

Year	Total Deaths	Deaths From Cancer	Percentage of Total Deaths	Rate per 100M Population
1946	968	146	15.1	126.9
1945		148	17.1	132.4
1944		132	16.0	121.7
1943		121	15.0	114.7
1942	712	111	15.6	114.4

#### MORTALITY FROM INTRACRANIAL LESIONS OF VASCULAR ORIGIN

Year	Total Deaths	Doaths From This Cause	Percentage of Total Deaths	Rate per 100M Population
1946	968	97	10.0	84.3
1945	864	93	10.7	83.2
1944		84	10.1	77.5
1943		74	9.0	70.4
1942	712	62	8.7	63.9

#### MORTALITY FROM PNEUMONIA

Year	Total Deaths	Deaths From Pneumonia	Percentage of Total Deaths	Rate per 100M Population
1946	968	49	5.0	42.6
1945	864	43	4.9	39.3
1944	825	41	4.9	37.8
1943		47	5.8 .	44.5
1942	712	32	4.6	33.0

#### MORTALITY FROM TUBERCULOSIS

Year	Total Deaths	Deaths From Tuberculosis	Percentage of Total Deaths	Rate per 100M Population
1946	968	30	3.0	26.0
1945	864	28	3.2	25.0
1944	825	26	3.1	23.9
1943	814	20	2.4	18.9
1942	712	24	3.3	24.7

MORTALITI	FROM	EXT	ERNAL	CAI	USES		
hs hs rnal	ale	ide	Homicide	Automobile	Other Accidents	Percentage of Deaths	Rate Per 100M Population
Year Fotal Deaths Prom External Causes Male	Female	Suicide	Hom	Auto	Othe Acci	Perc of D	Rate 100M Popu
1946 968 83 64	19	25		17	40	8.3	72.2
1945 864 59 42 1944 825 40 31	$\begin{array}{c} 17 \\ 9 \end{array}$	9	****	11 9		6.8 4.8	
1943 814 51 40	11	5	*	13		6.2	
1942 712 38 27	11	4 N. 1100	1 SPITAL	7	26	5.3	39.0
					admitt	ed. 7	0 were
carried over from 1946 making died and 47 remained in the h	a tota	al of 61	17. The	ere w	ere 547		
The diseases hospitalized i							
Scarlet Fever suspects	184						
Diphtheria	. 10	M	umps				47
Diphtheria carriers Diphtheria suspects					·····		
Poliomyelitis	51	W	hooping	g Cou	ıgh		10
Poliomyelitis suspects Meningitis (meningococcic)					 1ia		1
Tuberculosis Typhoid Fever		S	yphilis	ro T	hroat		2 7
Typhoid Fever suspect	2	V	incents	Angi	na		2
Para Typhoid	. 1	Ó.	thers			*******	71
The deaths included:  Tuberculosis 1 Poliomyalitis 4							
Tuberculosis1Poliomyelitis4Measles and Pneumonia1Meningitis (meningococcic)1Measles and Encephalitis1Other conditions7							
SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICES							····· 7
SCHOOL					us		7
SCHOOL				CES	ublic ol Board	R.C. S	Separate ol Board
Complete examinations	MED	ICAL	SERVI	CES For Seho	Public ol Board 237	R.C. S	Separate ol Board 354
Complete examinations Number reported with defects. Number reported without defec	MED	OICAL	SERVI	CES Scho 4 1	Public ol Board 237 544 693	R.C. S Sehoo	Separate ol Board 354 130 524
Complete examinationsNumber reported with defects Number reported without defect parents present at examination	MED	OICAL	SERVI	CES Scho 4 1 2	Public ol Board 237 544 693 787	R.C. S Sehoo	Separate ol Board 354 130 524 305
Complete examinations Number reported with defects. Number reported without defec	MED	OICAL	SERVI	CES Scho 4 1 2	Public ol Board 237 544 693	R.C. S Sehoo	Separate ol Board 354 130 524
Complete examinations Number reported with defects. Number reported without defect Parents present at examination Homes visited by nurses	MED ts s	OICAL	SERVI	CES Scho 4 1 2	Public of Board 237 544 693 787 646	R.C. S Sehoo	Separate ol Board 354 130 524 305 70
Complete examinations	MED ts s	VIZAT	SERVI	CES Scho 4 1 2	Public of Board 237 544 693 787 646 160	R.C. S School	Separate ol Board 354 130 524 305 70 40
Complete examinations	MED ts s	VIZAT	SERVI	CES Scho 4 1 2	Public of Board 237 544 693 787 646 160	R.C. S School	Separate ol Board 354 130 524 305 70 40
Complete examinations	MED ts s	Scarlet Pever Fever	Whooping Wooding Cough O. Typhoid Typhoid Fever	CES Scho 4 1 2	Public of Board 237 544 693 787 646	R.C. S School	Separate ol Board 354 130 524 305 70
Complete examinations  Number reported with defects.  Number reported without defect Parents present at examination Homes visited by nurses	MED tts s  1MUN 13000 14031	NIZAT)	SERVI  Cough	Scho Scho Scho Scho 1 2 2 snueptal 13 45	Public of Board 237 544 693 787 646 160 snylvariation of the control of the contr	R.C. S School	Separate of Board 554 130 524 130 524 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40
Complete examinations  Number reported with defects.  Number reported without defect Parents present at examination Homes visited by nurses.  Talks to classes  IM  1946  Board of Health (cases)	MED  tts  s	VIZAT)	SERVI ON OF Typhoid 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190	CES Scho 2 2 2	Public of Board 237 544 693 6787 646 160 sn quality of the control	R.C. S School	Separate of Board 654 130 524 805 70 40 90 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70
Complete examinations Number reported with defects. Number reported without defect Parents present at examination Homes visited by nurses. Talks to classes  IN  1946  Board of Health (cases)	MED  tts  s.  1MUN  13000 13000 14031 14062 181 14062 181 1972	VIZAT)	SERVI  ON  ON  ON  ON  ON  ON  ON  ON  ON  O	CES F Scho	Public of Board 237 544 6693 787 646 160 snuhacki 5 5 10 10	R.C. School	Separate of Board 654 130 524 805 70 40 751 8 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5
Complete examinations  Number reported with defects.  Number reported without defect Parents present at examination Homes visited by nurses.  Talks to classes  IN  1946  Board of Health (cases)	MED  tts  s  in 1001  in 1001	VIZAT)	SERVI  ON  NON  100  100  100  100  100  100	CES F School 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 1 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 1 3 4 5 7 1 3 4 5 7 1 3 4 5 7 1 3 4 5 7 1 3 4 5	Public of Board 237 544 693 6787 646 160 snylphology of the state of t	R.C. School	Separate of Board 654 130 524 130 524 70 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40
Complete examinations Number reported with defects. Number reported without defect Parents present at examination Homes visited by nurses. Talks to classes  IN  1946  Board of Health (cases)	MED  ts	VIZAT)  10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	SERVI  SURGON	CES F Scho 4 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 5 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Public of Board 237 544 693 787 646 160 snulph Laborator 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	R.C. S School 6	Separate of Board 654 130 524 805 70 40 25 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Complete examinations Number reported with defects. Number reported without defect Parents present at examination Homes visited by nurses.  Talks to classes  IN  1946  Board of Health (cases)	MED  tts  s  MUN  standard  1 1001  1 1001  1 1001  1 1161  1 13584	VIZAT)  1 1 2 2 2 5 6 6 1 2 2 2 5 6 4 1 1 1 2 2 2 5 6 4 1 2 2 2 5 6 4 1 1 1 2 2 2 5 6 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	SERVI  Noncompany  Succession (Noncompany  Sincompany	CES F Scho 4 1 1 2 2 2 2 2	Public of Board 237 544 693 6787 646 160 sn quadru 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	R.C. Sehoo	Separate of Board 654 130 524 590 40 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50
Complete examinations Number reported with defects. Number reported without defect Parents present at examination Homes visited by nurses.  Talks to classes  IN  1946  Board of Health (cases)	MED  tts  s	VIZAT)  1 1 2 2 2 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	SERVI  ION  South of the control of	CES F Scho 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Public of Board 237 544 693 787 646 160 ship of the state	R.C. S School	Separate of Board 654 130 524 605 70 40 59 4 59 34 59 1 1 82 71 82 71
Complete examinations Number reported with defects. Number reported without defect Parents present at examination Homes visited by nurses	MED  ts	VIZAT)  12 225 50  401 11 2225 50  403 12 2250 41	SERVI  ON  Simple of the control of	CES F Scho	Public of Board 237 544 693 787 646 160 snquard 5 5 5 5 5 5	en Sehoo	Separate of Board 654 130 524 805 70 40 \$\frac{305}{34} \frac{59}{59} \frac{1}{34} \frac{59}{59} \frac{1}{34} \frac{59}{59} \frac{1}{34} \frac{59}{59} \frac{1}{34} \frac{1}{59} \frac{82}{51} \frac{71}{82} \frac{71}{51} \frac{82}{51} \frac{71}{51} 7
Complete examinations Number reported with defects. Number reported without defect are to the complete reported without are the complete reported without a	MED  ts	VIZAT)  1 2 2 2 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	SERVI  Muddoun A 1900 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 19	CES F Scho	Public of Board 237 544 693 787 646 160 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 7 7 8 7 8 7	en Sehoo	Separate of Board 654 130 524 592 4 59 1 1 82 71 82 71

#### COMMUNICABLE DISEASE, 1942-1946

	194	16	194	5	191	4	194	3	194	2
	C	$\mathbf{D}$	C	D	C	D	$\mathbf{c}$	$\mathbf{D}$	$\mathbf{c}$	D
Actinomycosis.									2	
Chickenpox	. 934		1389		1793		745		726	
Diphtheria	. 3		2		5		111	1	7	2
Diphtheria carriers	. 5		5		16		12		4	
Dysentery							2			
Encophalitis	. 4	2		1			3			
Erysipelas	. 23		19		17		18		17	
Influenza		6		2		6		11	******	8
Measles	2563	1	444		2420		1926	1	673	
Meningitis (Meningococcic)	4		4		3	2	9	2	3	1
Mononucleosis (infectious)					1					•
Mumps	1378		1880		397		1076		2006	
Paratyphoid	. 1				1		1		1	
Poliomyelitis	8				5		7			
Pneumonia (lobar)	1	8	2	15		9		11		6
Puerperal Septicaemia						1				
Rubella	183		277		77		330		653	
Scarlet Fever.	. 173		374		1010	1	513	2	512	••••
Septic Sore Throat	. 2	,	7		4		8		24	
Tuberculosis (Pulmonary)	. 78	20	64	26	69	20	133	15	68	17
Tuberculosis (other forms)	2	10		2	2	6	4	5	6	7
Typhoid Fever			2				1			
Undulant Fever	2		3		1	****			*****	•
Vincent's Angina	7		28	1	20		1		1	
Whooping Cough	92		237		222	2	856	2	356	1
Venereal Disease-										
Gonorrhoea	642		479		308		209		155	
G. C. Vaginitis	3		12		4		4			
Syphilis.		4	108	5	74	6	38	7	74	5
Type Undetermined		_	5		****					
Type officermined										_
•	6201	51	5341	53	6449	53	5908	57	5287	47
Morbidity per 1,000 population	53.	9	47.	6	60.	3	56.	0	54.	5
C—Cases. D—Deaths.										

During 1946 reportable diseases were responsible for 51 or 5.2 of the 968 City deaths.

Of the 51 deaths from communicable disease, 44 were over 19 years of age and 30 were due to all forms of Tuberculosis, and 4 to Syphilis.

Of the 6,201 cases of communicable disease, 2,563 or  $41.3\,\%$  were due to Measles; 1,378 or 22.2% were due to Mumps. There were 173 cases of Scarlet Fever or 2.7% of the total number of communicable diseases reported.

	No. of Cases	Percent of Cases	No. of Deaths	Percent of Deaths
Pre-school cases—1 to 5 years	1882	30.4	4	7.8
School cases—6 to 14 years	2919	47.1	2	2.0
Over 15	1283	20.7	45	90.2
Age not stated	97	1.4		
Armed forces	20	.4		••••

	City Male Cases Male 455	Female	Under 1 41	1/4	5/14	15/19 23	Over 20 37	Not / Stated 7	Armed Ou Forces C	Outside Cases 13
Diphtheria carriers   5	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1312 1313 1313 133 726 130 105 105 105 147	889 889 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	221 221 48 48 40 1108 24 8 89	1 121 122 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	31 36 36 10 10 14	1 2 16 43 43 43 195 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	288 288 28	92	6488841 184 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Venereal Disease— Gonorrhoea. G. C. Vagnitis. Syphilis Type Undetermined.	642 396 3 81 43 12 7 6201 3045	247 3 38 5 5 3156	2 2 163	1719	2919	90 1 288 288	532 1 66 7	19 8 3 397	20	157
Bacephalitis Encephalitis Influenza Measles Preumonia (lobar) Tuberculosis (pulmonary). Syphilis. TOTALS.	22 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13		1 1 2			20 00 4 45 45			

COMMUNICABLE DISEASE BY SEASON AND SEX, 1946

	City Cases	Male 1	Female	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oet.	Nov.	Outside Dec. Cases	Outside
Chickenpox	934	155	479	73	59	45	51	42	59	. 65	9	47	110	152	191	13
Diphtheria	373	Ç1	-					!	-	; -	:	:		1	101	9
Diphtheria carriers	16	973	c.						•	* 61		:	:	:		
Encephalitis	· <del></del>		٥١			-	-	6		•	:	:	•	:	-	
Ervainelas	. 53	-	2	ı	<del>-</del>	٠,		ı -	c				:	:		÷÷
Megalea	9563	1950	1212	<u> </u>	- 0	4 5	101	T 66 2	C C		t	Č	٥,		L	· .
Meningitis (Meningococcio)	4	-	6161	7		3 -	100	070	e c	700	Ξ	07	67	103	199	7,
Mumps	1378	652	262	20	196	186	167	169	190	- 63	7,6	, Y	ન જુ	: 6	7 6	٠ <u>٠</u>
Paratyphoid	-		-	:	ì	•	101		ì	3	3	-	3	ō	# C	្ន
Pneumonia (lobar).		-	•			:	:	:		-	:	-			:	<b>1</b> +
Poliomvelitis	××	• ::	٥	:				-	: -	4 0						٦ ٩
Rubella	. 22 22	17	130	ox	<u>-</u>	10	40	7 6	106	1 3	<del>, ,</del>	. 10	ν	: 61	. t-	64
Scarlet Fever	17.3	œ.	105	06	19	66	66		: -	6	r t	-	. 5	] 0	<u>_</u> c	
Septic Sore Throat		,-	-	ì	-	ì	1	;	4	7	-	;	71	0	4 -	e Y
Tuberculosis (Pulmonary)	1 oc t-	· 6	38	:		œ	- 1	1.9	æ	15	6	٠ ٧		9	٠,	
Tuberculosis (other forms)		i e	3	:	1	:	-	10		•	2	•	*	c.	÷	c
		1		:		:		1								
			!	:		1		:		:	:	1				NI 1
II July Description		i		:		:	:	:				į		:		N
Undulatit Fever	N1 L	٠	7 -	. •	:	,	; •	i		:	<b>⊸</b> •	:	:			
Villeent S Angina	- :	ِ ع	-	7	:	-	-	:	<b>-</b>		'n	1	•			7
Whooping Cough	65	ī.	47	ro	c.	οc	23	17	or.	9	C.1	¢1	+	9	-	-
Venereal Disease-																
Consumption of	9	1000	.,	٠	Ļ	ì	5	Š	ì	9	,			9	ļ	
G. C. Vaginitis	1 ec	:	~ cr	5	<del>,</del>	c	Ţ.	٤	â	NI +	Ť	œ S	64	T.	į c	:
Syphilis	200	43	or.	·C	œ	·œ	- er:		ĸ	' t-	¢-		. ~	: t	7 =	
Type Undetermined	. 12	τ~	20	. :	;	:	61	: 10			-	: 01	-	- ;	: :	
1 1 1				-												
TOTALS	6201	3045	3156	363	295	393	563	903	1174	7.12	258	218	286	487	519	157
			•													
DEATHS:																
Francous Setting	•	٠										•				
Influence	1 C		٠,	- 6	,	. <del>-</del>	;	· <del>-</del>	:	:	:	_	:	:		
Messies	<del>.</del> -	٠,	1	:	4	-		- <del>-</del>					:	:	-	:
Preimonie (Johan)	- or	- I -	: <b>-</b>	: 67	: <del>-</del>		-			,	:		:			
Tuberculosis (pulmonary)	20	- or	15	:	4	٠ د	٠.	. 67	_	-	:	6				
Tuberculosis (other forms)	2	ıc	īc	-		,	1 1	ေရာ	2			ı —	•	-	۲ .	
Syphilis	₹	00	-	-	:	ĭ	:	-	:	:	:	-	:			
TOTALS	12	06	66	9	۳	ď	6	0	6	-	-	14	-	-	0	
		ì	ì	2		,	•	0	3	4	-	•	-	-	٥	

#### TUBERCULOSIS CONTROL

Kinsmen's Club Service:	1946	1945
Total visits by nurse	3196	3381
Visits to T.B. cases	741	664
Visits to suspect cases	134	68
Visits to contact cases	2125	2365
Not seen, moved, etc.	50	59
Co-operative visits	146	225
Examinations—  Active cases	119	119
		119 99
Suspects Contacts		306
Non-contacts		1013
Total examinations	2883	2397
Total X-Rays	2731	2161
Total X-Rays  Tuberculin tests made		$\frac{2161}{1128}$
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1598 575	

#### PUBLIC HEALTH NURSING

Again we had a very busy year at the Baby Clinic having a large number of very young babies. 2,209 new admissions were made with 97 readmissions making a total of 2,306 and being 411 above the previous year.

At intervals during the year we encountered diarrhea in the new baby, at times quite serious.

One hundred and fifty-three out-of-town cases were in attendance and 66 letters were written with regard to the care and feeding of babies.

	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
Number of clinics held	200	200	200	150	101
Babies in attendance (under 2 years)	6857	6208	6198	5649	4905
Pre-school in attendance	1310	1212	1158	1067	1146
Total	8167	7420	7356	6716	6051
Average	41	37	37	45	60
New cases admitted, babies	1881	1523	1378	1320	1119
New cases admitted, pre-school	328	281	262	240	61
Babies referred to family doctor	10	9	25	31	21
Pre-school referred to family doctor	21	16	20	36	24
Re-admitted babies	4	10	11		
Readmitted pre-school	93	81	81		

Dr. Mildred Newell was in attendance at the Tuesday clinics as usual, and Dr. Margaret Collins, attended the Friday clinics on the retirement of Dr. Folinsbee.

B.Sc. and Public Health nurses from the University of Alberta were with us for observation at Clinics and field work. We also had nurses from the Royal Alexandra hospital at the clinics.

Miss Blanche Emerson retired on December 1st, and since that time Miss E. Lee has been on duty.

One thousand, two hundred and thirty-six visits were made to babies and 249 to pre-school children.

#### VICTORIAN ORDER OF NURSES

	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
Pre-natal visits	198	422	545	347	399
Obstetrical (nursing care)	0	8	19	87	77
Obstetrical (advice)	1333	1182	1147	1157	693
Newborn (nursing care)	657	559	666	743	453
Newborn (health supervision)	1796	1654	1373	1287	857
Pre-natal clinics	49	51	49	46	49
Total attendance	577	768	982	658	500
Average attendance	12	15	20	14	10
Mothers enrolled	115	136			



#### HEALTH INSPECTIONS

INSPECTIONS:		
Mai Ecitora.	1946	1945
Dwellings		9,479
Hotels, lodging houses, apartment blocks	•	1,147
Schools, blocks, public buildings		38
Stores, business establishments		965
Food handling establishments		2,598
Garbage cans, etc.		1,970
Streets, lanes, yards, dumps, etc		2,186
Miscellaneous		3,188
-	2,002	
	10,205	21,571
Re-inspections	571	4,552
Visits assisting quarantine officer		55
Visits assisting quarantine officer	300	017
NOTICES:		
Written	819	2,042
Verbal		4,895
Garbage	,	1,038
un vage	401	1,000
COMPLAINTS:		
Received from public	648	602
Justified	601	565
Received from other departments		27
Referred to other departments		52
The complaints were made up as follows:		
Garbage, streets, lanes, etc	233	186
Vermin	65	147
Housing, plumbing and drainage	230	190
Food and drink	40	29
Miscellaneous	80	50
LICENSES:		
License applications investigated	2,660	2,392
PLUMBING:		
Sewer and water notices issued	9	7
Sewer and water installed, buildings removed, etc.		35
Extension of time granted		30
Plumbing permits issued		1,244
Plumbing permits issued for old buildings		44
Alterations to existing plumbing (fixtures)		1,232
Privies eliminated through installation of plumbing		44
Number of septic tanks installed	8	5
reducer of septic tanks instance	o	U

#### DISINFESTING STATION:

Baths         3,75           Verminous         4           Scabies         4           Disinfested         4           No. of Men Washing Clothes         2,56           Units Washed         7,74           Articles sterilized for the Army         6	7 13 409 13 411 34 2,504
SCAVENGING CLEAN-UP WORK	
Refuse removed during Clean-up Week (cubic yards)10,88	8,140
ANIMALS, BARNS, STYES:	
Cow owners20	
	39 <b>10</b> 3 39 38
COMP CHICKS	84 64
FOOD:	
Samples submitted to Provincial Laboratory	25 12 10 1.588
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	
WATER:	
THE COLUMN THE CONTRACT OF THE COLUMN THE CO	23 14
110500110	L1 14 11 3
*Suspicious	1
Wells placarded	$\frac{3}{2}$ . $\frac{2}{1}$
Ice samples	1 2

<sup>\*-</sup>Wells condemned or further samples taken after chlorination.

#### HOUSING:

There were 1,048 dwellings and 936 hotels, lodging houses, apartment blocks, etc. checked for vermin, overcrowding and other insanitary conditions. Notices were issued where necessary.

#### POISON GAS FUMIGATION:

The use of DDT for destruction of vermin has greatly reduced the use of hydrocyanic acid gas for this purpose. In only sixty cases was the gas employed during the year.

#### ENFORCEMENT OF REGULATIONS:

Prosecutions		0	3
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#### FOOD INSPECTION

#### MEATS INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

MEATS INSPECTED AND CONDE	EMNED		
Beef:			
	1946	1945	1944
No. of carcasses inspected		2,623	3,206
Carcasses condemned	. 10	37	26
Portions condemned	. 249	189	293
Weight (lbs.) of carcasses and portions condemned	. 8,675	19,960	19,285
Veal:			
No. of carcasses inspected	2.275	2,075	2,137
Carcasses condemned	. 2,210	3	5
Portions condemned	49	$3\overset{\circ}{2}$	55
Weight (lbs.) of carcasses and portions condemned	940	1,245	1,640
Mutton:			
No. of carcasses inspected	1 2.12	1,634	1.850
Carcasses condemned		1,034	1,050
Portions condemned		59	102
Weight (lbs.) of carcasses and portions condemned		815	1,130
, agus (1981) ag amanagas una portation condeminad	2,0	010	1,100
Pork:			
No. of carcasses inspected	3.304	4.656	3,721
Carcasses condemned	65	58	57
Portions condemned	986	1,399	978
Weight (lbs.) of carcasses and portions condemned	24,765	28,305	22,710
Totals:			
No. of carcasses inspected.	9 953	10,988	10,914
Carcasses condemned		111	105
Portions condemned		1.679	1.428
Weight (lbs.) of carcasses and portions condemned		50,325	44,765
CARCASSES FOUND TO BE INFECTEI	) WITH	т.в.	
Beef:			
Turfacted	11	10	o
Infected	$\frac{11}{.363}$	13 . <b>49</b> 5	.230
rercent	.000	.490	.230
Pork:			
Infected	<b>56</b> 5	712	524
Percent	17.10	15.29	14.08
CHIEF CAUSES OF CONDEMNATION	ON, 194	6	
Beef:	Carcasses	Portions	Weight Lbs.
Abscess		84	1,010
Actinomycosis		85	2.245
Adhesions		12	180
Bruised		-6	3,030
Parasites		34	365
Tuberculosis	****	12	220
Jaundice		14	165
Miscellaneous (emaciation, parturition,	_	_	
not bled, stomatitis)	3	2	1,460
	10	249	8,675

Veal: Abscess Actinomycosis Parasites Bruised Miscellaneous (adhesions, jaundice, immaturity)	1	Portions 18 9 12 5 5 5	Weight Lbs. 190 135 120 385 110 940
Mutton:			
Parturition Parasites Not bled		65	135 85 50 ————————————————————————————————
Pork:			
Adhesions Abscess multiple Arthritis Bruised Contamination Parasites Tuberculosis Pneumonia Rhinitis Miscellaneous (abscess, peritonitis, bull nose pneumonia, septicaemia, infection)	13 11 3  8 16	37 3  29 64 133 710  6 4 ——————————————————————————————	1,080 2,590 1,675 1,125 1,035 290 11,965 2,900 560 1,545 24,765
DISEASED ANIMALS			
Beef Veal Mutton Pork Total amount of meat condemned	38 63 788	1945 164 26 22 770 50,325	1944 238 48 102 674 44,765
FOODSTUFFS CONDEMNED BY IN	SPECTO	RS	
Canned goods Fruit and vegetables Meat Fish Poultry Cheese Damaged by Fire Sundries	7	15 154  1,140 250  29	105 61 193 2,424 80
Total (lbs.)	279,710	1,588	<b>2,86</b> 3

#### DAIRY INSPECTION

#### 1946

Certificates issued Producer-distributors, raw milk	15
Certificates issued Producer-shippers, milk	285
Certificates issued Producer-shippers, cream	36
Certificates issued Pasteurization Plants	
Inspections of Producer-distributors and Dairies	79
Inspections of Producer-shippers' Dairies	1,10
Inspection of Pasteurization Plants	54
New Dairy Barns erected	18
Dairy Barns remodelled	4
New Milk Houses erected	21
Certificates suspended temporarily	12
Certificates suspended indefinitely	
Applications for certificates of registration refused	
Certificates issued to retail distributors	381
Permits issued to cowkeepers in the city	209
Reduction tests, milk	12,877
Reduction tests, cream	52
Sediment tests	769
Butterfat tests	<b>7</b> 84
Phosphatase tests	279
Bacterial plate counts, milk	465
Bacterial plate counts, ice cream	52
Chlorine tests at dairy farms	30
Well water samples taken at dairy farms	
Milk can condemned	
Written notices to dairy premises	125
Educational circulars to cream producer-shippers	

During 1946 the number of producer-distributors of raw milk decreased from fifteen to twelve.

#### LABORATORY REPORT

Laboratory control work and plant inspection has been carried on much as in previous years. Our demand for milk still seems to outrun our efforts to provide satisfactory supply.

There were 776 retail milk samples taken during the year, all of which were examined for butterfat content, solids not fat, sediment and flavor. Methylene Blue reductive tests were also carried out on all these samples and over half submitted to test for bacteria count. On these exceeding 50,000, duplicate samples were taken within a short time for re-count. The pasteurized milk samples were also examined at least twice a month by the phosphatase test. A summary of the results obtained is given in the following tables.

Table No. 1. Retail Milk Samples-Bacteria Counts

Sr	ecial	15,000/ 40,000	40,000/ 100,000	100,000/ 300,000	Over	Spreader	Total
January	31	6	2			- 1	40
February	31	5	5			1	42
March	20	13	9	5			47
April	25	9	6	••••	3	****	43
May	25	12	2		2		41
June	30	6	3	3	1		43
July	30	3	3	****			36
August	22	11	7	1		1	42
September	9	6	1	2	1		19
October	26	10	2				38
November	20	9	9	2			40
December	24	6	3	1			34
	293	96	52	14	7	3	465
Percentage	63.4	20.8	11.3	3	1.5		100

The three results lost by the growth of spreaders are excluded in calculating the percentage in each group.

These results are also shown broken down into the different groupings in the following tables:

Table No. 2

	Special	15,000/ 40,000	<b>40,</b> 000/ 100,000	100,000/ 300,000	Over	Spr.	Total
Raw Milk	85-42.1%	57-28.2%	44-21.8%	12- 5.9%	4-2.0%	1	203
Pasteurized	121-80.6	25-16.6	2- 1.3	167		1	150
Jersey	31-75.5	6 - 14.7	3-7.4		1-2.4		41
Homogenized	56-78.9	8-11,2	3- 4.3	1-1.4	2-2.8	1	71
	293	96	52	14	7	3	465

Table No. 3

	Number	Average
Retail samples, butterfat	. 776	3.74%
Retail samples, solids not fat	. 776	8.60%
Retail samples, sediment	. 769	9.4 %
Special creams—butterfat	. 30	10.03%
Special milks—butterfat	. 82	3.53%
Chocolate Milks, butterfat	. 83	2.29%
Phosphatase tests	. 279	

Special samples were taken for the army supply depot and for one of the railways and given the usual tests. As the military authorities attach considerable importance to the test for coliform oranisms this test was done on all their samples. The results are as listed:

Table No. 4, Bacteria Counts-Special Milks and Creams

Special Creams	30-12	in	Special	Class
Special Milks	96-53	in	Special	Class
Chocolate Milks	83-58	in	Special	Class
Ice Cream	52-12	in	Special	Class
Rinse Bottles	Nil			
Special Milks, coliform organisms	55			

The major portion of the work is still the control of the raw milk as received at the dairy plants. The number of shippers and number of samples are still increasing. Due to the necessity of taking on many producers not previously under supervision and also to the fact that due to recurring milk shortages, we have been forced to carry on with shippers who would normally be suspended. The number of tests under the required 5½ hours has considerably increased. The results of the methylene blue tests both on these plant and retail samples are as listed.

Table No. 5-Methylene Blue Tests

	Number	Under 5½ Hours
Producer's Milk	13,161	1,242
Retail Samples	794	
Special Tests	51	

Regular inspection and supervision has been given as previously to the operation of the swimming pools, both City and privately owned. Test solutions and apparatus have been made up and supplied as needed and samples of the water and occasionally of the sterilizing agents taken for examination. There were 182 samples of pool water examined from city pools of which 31 failed to meet the accepted bacterial standard. (This does not constitute a failure in compliance as under the standards used a certain small proportion are allowed to exceed the maximum if they are not closely recurrent.) In 9 samples the examination was spoiled by the growth of spreaders. There were 85 samples taken from the private pools of which 13 gave counts below standard. None of the samples showed presence of coliform organisms in amounts tested.

Samples of tap water were examined for us almost daily by the Provincial Laboratory. Out of 275 samples so tested, 230 gave counts of 10 or under while only 6 gave over 50. Daily checks were made on the chlorine in the water and the close collaboration was maintained with the water treatment at all times.

Occasional visits have been made to the various sewage plants which have been carrying on satisfactorily.

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